HiFluxx DT604

Nitrogen Membrane Module

Parker hollow-fibre membrane modules produce nitrogen gas from compressed air to offer a costeffective, reliable and safe alternative to traditional cylinder or liquid nitrogen gas supplies.

Nitrogen is used as a clean, dry, inert gas primarily for removing oxygen from products and/or processes.

Parker modules can be built into a custom-made nitrogen generator or can be integrated with your (production) process to provide an on-demand, continuous source of nitrogen gas. Gas which can be used in a wide range of industries including food, beverage, pharmaceutical, laboratory, chemical, heat treatment, electronics, transportation, oil & gas, mining and marine.



Contact Information:

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Official Parker Distributor

Avilo is a worldwide supplier of parker membranes. Always in stock. Fast delivery

Benefits:

 Less membrane modules needed per nitrogen system More nitrogen per fibre is produced from

Parker hollow-fibre membranes than any other in the world

 Use of low pressure standard industrial compressor

No high pressure compressor needed to obtain required nitrogen flow

- Energy savings
 Operation at a low pressure requires less energy
- Reduced CO₂ emissions No heater required to open polymer membrane structure, thus reducing the energy consumption
- Robust fibre Most tolerant fibre to particle contamination
 Large membrane diameter
- Lowest membrane module pressure drop

- Strong engineering plastic Life-expectancy of more than 10 years
- Factory membrane ageing, pre-delivery No performance decrease over time due to fibre ageing
- Quick start-up time Required nitrogen purity is produced instantly, no time needed to heat-up
- Flexible mounting arrangements Can be mounted horizontal or vertical
- Low noise operation Radiated noise generated by membrane technology is extremely low
- No maintenance required No user serviceable parts
- Small system footprint Less modules needed to produce nitrogen requirements



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Performance data

Nitrogen Purity %	Minimum nitrogen ¹ flow rate in m ³ /hr ² (CFM) ²						Nitrogen	Feed-air consumption at minimum nitrogen flow rate in m ³ /hr ² (CFM) ²					
	99.5	99	98	97	96	95	Purity %	99.5	99	98	97	96	95
4 bar g	0.76	1.13	1.69	2.23	2.76	3.36	4 bar g	5.79	6.21	6.95	7.57	8.02	8.72
(58 psi g)	(0.45)	(0.67)	(0.99)	(1.31)	(1.62)	(1.98)	(58 psi g)	(3.4)	(3.66)	(4.09)	(4.46)	(4.72)	(5.13)
5 bar g	0.95	1.41	2.12	2.78	3.46	4.19	5 bar g	7.24	7.77	8.69	9.46	10.0	10.9
(72.5 psi g)	(0.56)	(0.83)	(1.25)	(1.64)	(2.04)	(2.47)	(72.5 psi g)	(4.3)	(4.57)	(5.11)	(5.57)	(5.89)	(6.42)
6 bar g	1.19	1.77	2.67	3.35	4.37	5.27	6 bar g	8.94	9.56	10.7	11.4	12.7	13.7
(87 psi g)	(0.7)	(1.04)	(1.57)	(1.97)	(2.57)	(3.1)	(87 psi g)	(5.3)	(5.63)	(6.3)	(6.7)	(7.5)	(8.1)
7 bar g	1.39	2.07	3.11	3.91	5.09	6.15	7 bar g	10.4	11.2	12.5	13.3	14.8	16.0
(101.5 psi g)	(0.82)	(1.22)	(1.83)	(2.3)	(3)	(3.62)	(101.5 psi g)	(6.1)	(6.59)	(7.4)	(7.8)	(8.7)	(9.4)
8 bar g	1.59	2.36	3.56	4.46	5.82	7.03	8 bar g	11.9	12.7	14.2	15.2	16.9	18.3
(116 psi g)	(0.94)	(1.39)	(2.1)	(2.63)	(3.43)	(4.14)	(116 psi g)	(7)	(7.5)	(8.4)	(8.9)	(9.9)	(10.8)
9 bar g	1.75	2.63	4.03	5.30	6.60	8.00	9 bar g	13.3	14.5	16.1	18.0	19.1	20.8
(130.5 psi g)	(1.03)	(1.55)	(2.37)	(3.12)	(3.88)	(4.71)	(130.5 psi g)	(7.8)	(8.5)	(9.5)	(10.6)	(11.2)	(12.2)
10 bar g	1.99	2.95	4.45	5.58	7.28	8.79	10 bar g	15.1	16.2	17.8	19.0	21.1	22.9
(145 psi g)	(1.17)	(1.74)	(2.62)	(3.28)	(4.28)	(5.17)	(145 psi g)	(8.9)	(9.5)	(10.5)	(11.2)	(12.4)	(13.5)
11 bar g	2.08	3.14	4.80	6.22	7.93	9.62	11 bar g	17.3	18.5	20.2	21.2	23.8	25.0
(159.5 psi g)	(1.22)	(1.85)	(2.83)	(3.66)	(4.67)	(5.66)	(159.5 psi g)	(10.2)	(10.9)	(11.9)	(12.5)	(14)	(14.7)
12 bar g	2.17	3.33	5.16	6.87	8.58	10.4	12 bar g	18.0	19.6	21.7	23.4	25.7	27.2
(174 psi g)	(1.28)	(1.96)	(3.04)	(4.04)	(5.05)	(6.12)	(174 psi g)	(10.6)	(11.5)	(12.8)	(13.8)	(15.1)	(16)

Maximum pressure drop <0.8 bar (12 psi) Maximum nitrogen flow rate = minimum flow rate + 10%

^{1.} Parker membranes separate oxygen from pressurised air. The composition of the product is determined by measuring the residual oxygen content. The nitrogen content is calculated by subtracting the residual oxygen content from 100 %. Air is composed of nitrogen (78.1%), oxygen (20.9 %), Argon (0.9 %), CO2 (0.03 %), and some trace inert gases. Therefore it should be born in mind that the value that is normally called the nitrogen content actually is the inert gas content.

Values between brackets are indicative imperial values

 $^{2\cdot}$ m³/hr (CFM) refers to conditions at 1013 mbar(a) (14.7 psi a) and 20°C (68°F)

Ambient Conditions

Ambient temperature	+2°C to +50°C (+36°F to +122°F)			
Ambient pressure	atmospheric			
Air quality	clean air without contaminants			

Feed-air Conditions

Maximum operating pressure	13.0 bar g (189 psi g)		
Min. / Max. operating temperature	+2°C to +50°C (+36°F to +122°F)		
Maximum oil vapour content	<0.01 mg/m³ (<0.01 ppm (w))		
Particles	filtered at 0.01 µm cut off		
Relative humidity	<100% (non condensing)		

Flow Rate Corrections

Nitrogen flow rate at feed temperatures other than 20°C (68°F)	Use bulletin S3.1.059*
Feed-air consumption at feed-air temperatures other than 20°C (68°F)	Use bulletin S3.1.059*

* version number may vary, make sure to use the most recent version

Material Housing

Aluminum

Services on Request

3D model CAD STEP file

Weight, Dimensions, Connections and Part number

Dimensions H x W x D	758 x 145 x 63 mm (29.84" x 5.7" x 2.48")		
Weight	6 kg (13.2 lb)		
Connection inlet / outlet	G 3/8" female to ISO 228		
Vent	G 3/8" female to ISO 228		
Dimensional drawing	Refer to K3.1.350		
Part Number	159.003472		

Note

Parker membrane systems produce both nitrogen and oxygen enriched air. Nitrogen enriched air can cause suffocation and oxygen enriched air causes increased fire hazards. The oxygen enriched air is available at ambient pressure and pressure build-up of enriched oxygen at the outlet must be prevented, otherwise a serious (reversible) decrease in performance will result. The nitrogen enriched air produced should be treated as pressurised air.

For more information please visit www.avilo.nl

Parker has a continuous policy of product development and although the company reserves the right to changes specifications, it attempts to keep customers informed of any alterations.

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